

The Democrat.

L. G. GOULD, Editor.

Thursday Nov. 4, 1875.

General Grant weighs 187 pounds. That's because he's "corn" fed.

The Republicans now have control in this State, look out for increased taxation.

It is now known that Charlie Rose is alive in England. He was abducted by a kyspy.

Will the Republican Legislature repeal the Gage bill this winter? We don't believe it will.

Oregon voted Democratic last week, electing Lane the Democratic nominee to Congress.

It is thought a poll tax and register laws will be passed by the Legislature this winter.

"Too much money!" Who has it? It can't be any of the persons who were on a subscription.

No silver yet jingles in our pockets, although Hayes has been elected Governor of Ohio for three weeks!

The clicking of gold and silver in the pants pockets of our people as yet is very indistinct.

Elsewhere we this week again give a few of the failures for the last week—only a few, as samples. "Bah" for contraction!

The Prohibitionists throw their votes for the Republican State ticket. Consistency is a queer thing with some parties.

The total vote in Ohio is stated at 592,548, divided as follows: For Hayes, 297,813 for Allen 292,264; for the Prohibition ticket 2,461.

Although Hayes has been elected Governor, the season of prosperity promised from this event has not yet struck our pocket-book. Who has the money?

Republican newspapers of the country are already urging the "necessity" of re-electing Grant for a third term. Why don't the Eaton Register speak for its master.

The National Bankers say, "perish credit, perish commerce," but give us gold to buy the poor man's labor cheap and business will be stable and on a sure basis.

It is computed that 18,000,000 hogs will go into pork barrels of this country between now and January. The figures bring a grunt of satisfaction from every corner of the land.

The victory was a grand one—Glittering gold and Government straps and pets at one end and starvation on the other with the devil sitting on the center pin.

Gen. GRANT is now contemplating a war with Spain under the guise of relieving Cuba of slavery, but his ulterior purpose is to create that "necessity" for his accepting the "third term."

The scandal crank has been given a rest in the city of churches. The Prosecuting Attorney at Brooklyn has entered a "nolle prosequere" in all of the Beecher-Tilton cases.

Another of New York's ministers has been arrested, not for examining engravings on a parlor floor and regarding their divinity which doth hedge an ankle, but for passing counterfeit money.

The reason you see so many people going about the streets with their hands in their pants' pockets is because they are feeling for that silver that was to jingle there with Hayes' election.

The Republicans have carried both branches of the next State Legislature. As there will be no U. S. Senator to elect, we wish them joy of all the comfort they are likely to draw from it.

The late Democratic Legislature made large reductions in State expenditures and in the official salaries of county officers. The late elections do not disclose a very high appreciation of the reduction by the people.

The Mobile Register asserts positively that "the negro does not produce half the cotton which he did before the war," and credits white labor with the production of a large portion of the crop.

STATE ELECTIONS.

On Tuesday last, elections were held for State officers in New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Massachusetts, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Mississippi, all having Governors to elect except New York and Mississippi. In the latter State six members of Congress are to be elected. The elections in Illinois, Tennessee, Kansas, New Jersey and other States will be confined to Legislative, Judicial and County officers. Pennsylvania and New York will be warmly contested. As our forms are made up on Tuesday evening, we are of course unable to give any returns in this paper, but we believe Pennsylvania will be carried by the Republicans and New York by the Democrats.

THE HARD TIMES.

That a most depressing stagnation in business exists, bearing down as with the weight of a great night mare, the elastic energies of our country, which has so often shown its power to rise again when crushed under financial difficulty, is a fact so well known that we do not now allude to it as news. These "hard times" are not confined to any particular locality or community, but is so wide-spread as to be almost universal, and judging from the remarks of many of our business men, we are not above feeling the pressure of "hard times" even in Eaton, although like a thrifty community our town pursues the "even tenor of its way," and we have no reason particularly to apprehend any "failures" or "suspensions."

The success of the Radical party in Ohio was to bring property and good times all around—there was to be no more failures—no foreclosures of mortgages, and silver was to jingle in the pocket of every poor laboring man that voted for Hayes, but the toppling down, one after another of business firms all over the country and hundreds of laborers still seeking employment, proves the barrenness of party promises during a political contest, and as failure follows failure men's hearts seem to sink in dread lest the end has not yet come. If the unhappy effects of these disasters and failures, which overtake the great commercial world, were only confined to the heads of those houses or only to their families, it would make but little difference, but these calamities are too often followed by the distress of hundreds of widows and orphans whose worldly savings are swept away. It is a subject upon which to moralize.

The world to be sure moves on as before, in its gay and bustling career, showing us its gayeties but not its sorrows, and who can tell the story of the fall this winter of many a family from affluence to comparative indigence—the silent flitting from the palatial mansion to the modest dwelling in the suburb—the forced commencement of a new life of rigid economy instead of former luxury and grand display? How many delightful plans broken up? The dust will accumulate on the Saratoga trunk at home, and the diamonds and gorgeous costumes of the haughty reigning belle of the past season at the Springs will not flash in the dance at the next. The "cotage by the sea" will not know its former owner, but new occupants who have not "flitted" will sit on its cool verandahs and listen to what the wild waves are saying. Meantime, another and a larger class, poor but respectable, not financiers—the skilled mechanics and working men of the country—feel the "hard times" with a keener and a deeper suffering. It is their fate to have to suffer and be strong. They have been promised, but the great fact stares them in the face that the manufacturing industry of the country is prostrate. They know not exactly why, but thousands of them have no work, and they know enough about finance that when there is no work there is no money. That is their experience, and it is a sore one. It brings want and privation to their humble dwellings, where before was smiling content and comfort, and their spirits are broken under forced idleness. They were promised better times and plenty of work, but neither has come, and the prospect grows darker and gloomier, because under the system of Radical contraction it never will. It is the Money Power that has Labor by the throat, and the Bondholders and Bankers are the only class that will receive the benefits, while the "bone and sinew" of the country will toil, labor and sweat under their relentless grasp, with no reward but "hard times." The screws are tightening and everything is stagnant and gloomy on the eve of winter. Hands in the manufactories are on half wages in "store pay," the work-shops are being rapidly closed; hundreds of idle men walk the streets of all the cities vainly seeking for something to do to earn bread for themselves and families, and although contraction is increasing the distress of the people, it goes steadily on. Henry Clay said in 1840, that the "people must be convinced by their suffering," and we believe that declaration applies with far greater force to the present condition of the people of this country than it did when made. If contractions is continued for one year to the extent to which it has been enforced for the past twelve months, it will make the scales fall from the eyes of the people and they will see the monster of "hard times" in all its frightful proportions. The resumption act is doing its work in checking enterprise and diminishing the demand for labor by steadily withdrawing and locking up the circulation, thus reducing it below the actual wants of business.

Now let the gold and silver abound, let the Gage law be repealed, let the Adair law be repealed, let Private Dalzell from Noble county howl in the halls of legislation, let everything be lovely, and let Grant have his third term as well as Gov. Hayes. Then the Centennial and Millennium will lie down together.

Does that gold and silver yet jingle in your pockets, Laboring-men? You are still glad to get "dishonest money" for "honest toil," ain't you? We know some men that voted "too much money," who would do well to pay what they owe.

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TOO MUCH MONEY!

That gold is still obstinate, and mortgages are still foreclosed and the rush of men into bankruptcy increases, the reports from all over the country make it plain. The election of Hayes as Governor of Ohio, and the indorsement of Grant's corrupt, thieving and infamous administration, was to change all this condition of things, and silver was to jingle in every poor man's pocket and peace and plenty was to spread her smiling wing over our broad land. Under such promises, many poor devils whose homes are closely pursued by the Sheriff, were induced to vote robbery, plunder and oppression a "distinguished success," and now when it is too late, in sorrow and anguish they discover their error, and begin to see how they were deceived by the false promises of political demagogues and office-seekers. It is but the beginning of the end, and to prove the assertion that there is "too much money" in the country, we continue the list of failures and suspensions reported to us through the daily papers:

New York, October 26.—Disoway & Hatch, leather dealers, Spruce St., suspended yesterday; also, Oscar D. Dike, tea and spice merchant, Pearl street.

An involuntary bankruptcy petition has been filed in the New York District Court against Messrs. Vise & Co., by the attorneys for about forty creditors, representing claims amounting to nearly \$600,000. The unsecured indebtedness of the firm is nearly a million and a half.

MONTREAL, October 26.—The Moile Iron Works suspended to-day. Liabilities large. The Morris Run Coal Company of Pennsylvania filed a claim against the company for over \$350,000.

PORTLAND, ME., October 26.—H. Wiggins & Co., of Ellsworth, lumbermen and traders, are reported failed, with heavy liabilities. Their failure throws four hundred men out of employment.

HAMILTON, O., October 27.—Yesterday Holbrook & Co., a large grocery firm, and one of the oldest in the city, suspended business. It is reported that the firm had liabilities of \$100,000.

New York, October 27.—The suspension of Henry E. Fife, a produce commission dealer on Chambers street, was announced yesterday.

Boston, October 29.—At a final meeting of the creditors of the Ames Plow Company, it was decided that the company continue business, the creditors granting an extension, the company availing itself of the offer made by responsible parties to furnish the ready capital needed.

New York, October 29.—The suspension of Fairfield & Traut, produce commission dealers on Chambers street, was announced yesterday. A meeting of their creditors had been called to protect the general interests, and an extension asked, which was readily granted. Mr. Fairfield is President of the Butter and Cheese Exchange.

The last Eaton Register has a column of weakly argument in support of the National Banks, and undertakes to prove that they are an incalculable benefit to the people of this country because of the amount of State and local taxes they pay! The writer admits they cost the people \$20,000,000, but says they pay \$4,000,000 taxes! Sorryful, ain't it that we should be skinned out of \$20,000,000 in order that we may receive \$4,000,000? He conceals the fact, too, that the profits on the money invested in one of these institutions, is ten times greater than the same amount invested in any farm lands in the State of Ohio! And it all comes off the people. But such is the kind of clap trap with which newspapers in the interest of the Money Power, undertake to bolster it up with the people. We are not particularly opposed to Banks, we are in favor of some, but we don't believe the people should pay so dearly for the luxury of having them. If we are not mistaken, the article in the Register was almost verbatim copied from the Toledo Blade, a paper owned and controlled by National Bankers.

Andrew Jackson Hawley is the name of the Representative elect from Preble county, and not Wm. Sawyer. Neither was he a member of any former Legislature, as quoted in all our leading journals' reports. He was lately "dug up," on account of his brilliant air name which deceived the voters into his Payne-ful support and election. We have been waiting for his organ in this county to do him justice in making this correction, but it doesn't seem to be interested enough in his success, so for the good of the country and the posterity of the gentleman, we do it. We know he will feel thankful for our kindness.

Thousands of poor men cast their votes for Hayes who will feel the cold hand of want before spring. When the crushing hard times come they will remember the lost opportunity.

Does that gold and silver yet jingle in your pockets, Laboring-men? You are still glad to get "dishonest money" for "honest toil," ain't you? We know some men that voted "too much money," who would do well to pay what they owe.

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THE OFFICIAL VOTE ON STATE OFFICERS.

COLEMAN, O., October 27.—The Secretary of State has received the official returns from Greene county, as follows: Hayes, 4,141; Allen, 3,208; Odell, 58. The official footings on the whole State are as follows:

GOVERNOR. Hayes, 297,813; Allen, 292,264; Odell, 2,591; Hayes over Allen, 5,549.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR. Young, 297,931; Thompson, 287,968; Young over Cary, 9,963.

AUDITOR OF STATE. Williams, 296,201; Green, 292,271; Locke, 3,382; Williams over Green, 3,930.

TREASURER OF STATE. Milliken, 296,677; Schreiner, 292,714; Young, 3,196; Milliken over Schreiner, 3,963.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL. Little, 296,858; Powell, 292,487; Adams, 3,157; Little over Powell, 4,371.

JUDGE SUPREME COURT. McIlvaine, 296,944; Ashburn, 292,328; Montgomery, 3,118; McIlvaine over Ashburn, 4,616.

BOARD PUBLIC WORKS. Thatcher, 296,301; O'Hagan, 292,067; Butler, 4,234; Thatcher over O'Hagan, 4,234.

Secretary Bell has returned the abstract of votes polled in Wood county to the Clerk of the Court for correction. The abstract has the Township of Perrysburg indicated upon it, but no figures to indicate that an election was held in that township; and the Clerk, in making his return, gives no explanation of the omission. The Secretary has been in careful deliberation on the question, and has concluded that the abstract shows itself to be incomplete. He has written to the Clerk, directing his attention to the omission. The county-seat question, one Senator, and all the county officers depend upon the counting or omission of the vote in Perrysburg Township.

An exchange says of the Republican clamor in the late canvass about danger to the common schools, from Catholic influence:

"Of all the political scare crows ever erected, this is the most absurd and contemptible. It is humiliating to the public intelligence to reflect that any number of professedly intelligent and respectable citizens should have been influenced by the barefaced fraud."

And yet there were thousands who lacked this "public intelligence" and layed into the hands of the Republicans. The flocks of two or three churches in Cuyahoga county took this "intelligence" and stampeded over to the Radicals, through the persuasion of their ignorant and bigoted pastors. It existed even in Preble county.

It was the Democratic party that established the present school system that the Republican party have never dared to lay the hand of destruction upon it. It was a Democratic Legislature that enacted into law the second provisions of the Constitution that guarantees liberty of conscience. And so wise is the provision of that law that no Republican will risk his reputation by introducing a bill for its repeal. We allude to the so called Gage law, of course.

It was not a Catholic congregation that assembled at its Church on the morning of the election at Cleveland and marched to the polls under lead of their pastor and voted the Republican ticket. It was a congregation of Protestants. If a Catholic congregation had done this, the country would have been ruined. At least a majority of our people would have had spasms over such flagrant specimen of "ecclesiastical interference."

Virginia City, Nebraska, was almost totally destroyed by fire on the 26th ult., entailing a loss of millions of dollars, and turning out of doors thousands of its inhabitants. The town of Austin, Miss., suffered terribly from the same cause on the same day, the business portion of the place being destroyed. The fire fiend is abroad, and should admonish our citizens to be careful.

The great fire at Virginia City, Nevada, on Tuesday of last week, was indeed a terrible disaster. The ground burned over extends nearly a mile in length and a half mile wide, with a loss of about \$8,000,000. Quite a number of lives were lost, and the usual anarchy prevailed. Destitution is general, and pitiful and immediate relief will be necessary to save the homeless people from starvation and death.

Moody and Sankey have commenced work in Brooklyn with flattering prospects. The world looks on with deepest interest as their power and faith will be tested to the utmost. They ought to start with Beecher.

The Prohibitionists polled 2,471 votes at the late election. That party seems to be going backwards—small and beautifully less by degrees, and may as well haul in its colors. It is busted.

The Prohibition candidate for Governor in this State received 2,553 votes. Delaware county gave the highest number, 231. In twenty-two counties no votes were cast for him, and nineteen others gave less than ten each.

Some of the Republican papers are talking about Hayes as a Republican candidate for President. These same papers will be shouting glory for Grant after the Republican National Convention, for Grant will be their candidate.

THE CORN CROP.

The Globe Democrat says: "The man who calculates that the corn yield per acre in the North-west is a large one is bound to be disappointed. The frost has hurt many thousands of acres, and soft corn will be abundant. Last week we showed that the hog crop of Illinois is very materially short. The same is undoubtedly the case in most of the States. Now, fatten this crop of hogs on soft corn, and it is easy to see that pork must bring a good price, and we believe corn will also. Our advice to growers is not to sell either product at a low figure."

The transfusion of whig blood into democratic veins operates on the carcass like the experiment of Mark Twain in the transfusion of goats blood into the human system, while it invigorated the subject of the experiment whenever the blood of the animal reached the brain he was seized with an uncontrollable desire to bust somebody and indulge in other goatish antics. If in 1876 the whig corpuses of blood shall be in the democratic brain we may expect the cry of inflation.—Register.

We don't know exactly how much "goats-blood" would have to be "transfused" into the system of the individual who produced the above to effect his brain, but if such an operation could be successfully performed, it would be safe to say that the fellow might be dismissed from Doestick's class of "dampfools" and possibly change the "transfusion" of jackass blood that was "transfused" into his system at a very early period of his existence.

There is not a reasonable doubt but that WILLIAM ALLEN was legally elected Governor of Ohio. The rejection of the fraudulent votes in Cleveland alone, would give him the office; but there is no use in suing the devil and holding the Court in pandemonium, and the Democrats may just as well yield to the result, although it was manifestly obtained by fraud, as to spend their time and money in an idle effort to secure justice at the hands of a party determined to succeed no matter what means it may require to reach the result.

The following is the vote on the Constitutional Amendments which were submitted to the electors of this State at the October election: For the Supreme Court Commission 339,067 votes were cast, which prevails, and the amendment is adopted by near 44,000 majority. For amendment taxing dogs 278,000 votes were cast. Failing to receive a majority of the total vote by near 17,000, it is consequently lost.

The epizootic seems to be spreading in all directions. It is not so severe as it was on its appearance, three years ago, and this circumstance, viewed in connection with the fact that it is still early in the fall, gives hope that it will not last, as it then did, through the winter. Horses effected by it must be carefully used, for if after driving, they are permitted to take cold, lung fever sets in and they are pretty sure to die. Fresh air they need, but they must be guarded against too severe changes of temperature.

We are now told by Resumption journals that the advance in gold since the Ohio election is not owing to the election of Hayes, but "to the known scarcity of coin." In view of this now acknowledged fact, how is the country going to resume and maintain resumption in 1879?

ALLEN received the largest vote ever given any candidate in Ohio, except Hayes. The old man got 4,000 more votes than John Brough received when he beat Vallandigham 100,000.

Almost every day reports extensive business failures, and yet we have been told money is too plenty. This thing of men failing because they have an excessive amount of currency is an anomaly in commercial matters.

The Republicans, by fraud ballot-box stuffing, corruption and the most unblushing scoundrelism and importation of voters, carried Ohio by the skin of their teeth, and are in a wonderful good humor. It is funny!

It is now very evident that the Republican leaders planned a campaign that was to hesitate at nothing, either fair or foul to secure a victory. Honest Democrats would despise their leaders should they become as desperate and dishonest.

Those sectarian preachers of Ohio who mounted the pulpit during the late campaign for HAYES can now turn their attention to the gospel and preach a few sermons in reference to bearing false witness against their neighbors.

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Some of the Republican papers are talking about Hayes as a Republican candidate for President. These same papers will be shouting glory for Grant after the Republican National Convention, for Grant will be their candidate.

The Philadelphia Times has the following airy notice of Zach Chandler's accession to the Cabinet:

It's Chandler at last—Zach, the blood-and-thunder statesman of the West. He is occasionally sober, but there are no traditions of him having ever been sensible. He is to be Secretary of the Interior, and he is just the man. Grant may like G. Dawson Coleman's dinners, and he may fancy McNegh as an ornamental statesman, and he may have a profound admiration for Armstrong's integrity at long range, but he returns to his first love in the end and calls Chandler to his side. True, it is an insult to the people of Michigan, who defeated Chandler for Senator to save themselves and the Senate from the disgrace of his presence in the first legislative trial of the nation, but if they don't like it they can lump it, and that's the end of it. He suits Grant, he suits Indian agents and contractors, and he suits Morton, Cameron and Conkling, and that is enough. A statesman in Grant's Cabinet would be oddly out of place anyhow, and there are just two reasons why none will get there—first, Grant wouldn't have a statesman about him; and, second, a statesman would not consent to be about Grant. So honors are away about them, and Chandler takes the portfolio. Tally one more for Grant in nailing the coffin of Republicanism.

Indeed, it is plain that Republicanism was powerless to save itself from the strong Republican State of Ohio, and but for the peculiar circumstances which combined to advance its interests it would have been disgracefully defeated. Irrational as it was, the school issue undoubtedly contributed more than enough Democratic votes to make the whole majority reported for Hayes. Notwithstanding the positive anti-sectarian plank of the Democratic platform, the foolish utterances of the Catholic Telegraph on the Gage Bill, and on a division of the School Fund, created enough uneasiness in the minds of zealous Protestants to make them vote to give the most pointed rebuke to the claim in its very inception. And while the Gage Bill is so free from objection that the Republican Convention of Cincinnati tabled a resolution demanding its repeal, it nevertheless seized upon the prejudices of bigoted sectarians, while the renomination of Gage for the Legislature by the Democrats of Cincinnati, precipitated religious agitation that undoubtedly had much to do with the loss of that City to Allen.—Philadelphia Times.

Since the election in Ohio the Eastern as well as the Western journals are beginning to understand what that Resumption Bill means. One of the most malignant enemies of the Ohio Democracy among the journals of New York now says: "It is absolute nonsense and wildly folly to talk of resuming specie payments three years hence with \$760,000,000 of paper currency to be redeemed, when at this distance, with business at the lowest ebb, gold is seventeen cents above par. To resume in 1876 there must be some adequate provision for the resumption, some legislation calculated to appreciate the value of our paper. But nothing of the kind has been attempted."

Col. J. R. Cockerill, father of John A. Cockerill, managing editor of the Cincinnati Enquirer, died at his home, in West Union, Adams county, Ohio, on the 23d ult. Col. Cockerill has been a prominent citizen of Ohio for many years. He served his country and district in both houses of the legislature, and was a candidate, a few years ago, for State Auditor on the Democratic ticket, and served one term in Congress. He was fifty-seven years old. His loss will be seriously felt by the Democracy of Ohio.

Will the Republican Legislature repeal the Gage bill, the Pearson bill or the Adair law? The Protestant bigots that marched in solid phalanx to the polls and voted against ALLEN, were promised the first, and the Prohibitionists that went almost to a man for Hayes, were promised the second. We will see who has been sold out.

Our industrious and "self-sacrificing" President has appointed the 25th inst. as a day of National Thanksgiving. We don't know of anything that we feel thankful for just now. Something may "turn up" however, between now and then, so we can feel grateful over, if so, we will be d—thankful, on the said day.

When a reporter asked the father of abducted Charley Ross how much the working up of the case had cost, he replied that the Pinkerton detective had already used up \$18,000; that he had spent all he was worth; that his brother-in-law had expended thousands, and the family was penniless. It is only one instance of the detective's rich harvest.

The Prohibition vote in the State amounted to the pitiful number of 2,553! In this county it was 81! Bro. Blackford promised 250! The glory of the humbug has departed—sold out dog cheap.

For soldiers killed in the civil war eighty-five thousand headstones have already been completed in West Rutland, Vt.

The time of application for space at the Philadelphia Centennial is closed.


California will this year hatch out 9,000,000 of young salmon, 7,000,000 of which are to come to the Eastern States.

MY STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE FOR FALL AND WINTER!

Embracing an immense variety of READY MADE CLOTHING, PIECE GOODS, HATS, CAPS, and Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Please remember I agree to sell First Class Goods cheaper than any body else. Therefore it will be to your advantage to call and examine Goods and Prices before purchasing your Fall and Winter supply. Don't forget, "The proof of the pudding is the eating." JOS. WOERNER. Barron St., Eaton, O.

DANIEL WIKEL, Jr.



PIANOS AND ORGANS!

DEALER IN PELOUBET, PELTON & Co.' STANDARD ORGANS!

DECKER & BARNES, STEINWAY & MATHUSHEL'S PIANOS!

Is prepared to furnish them on as reasonable terms as they can be bought anywhere else, as he is buying them directly from the manufacturers. OFFICE ON JULY STREET, EATON, CHIC. Eaton, March 18, 1875

ACTON & DEEM.

Just Received, and for Sale, ALL KINDS OF PINE LUMBER,

Rough and Dressed; Timber, Joists and Scantling;

PINE, ASH & POPLAR FLOORING;

Cedar, Oak and Locust Fence Posts. Doors, Sash, Lath and Shingles.

All kinds of Finishing Lumber cut to Order. All kinds of Building Lumber cut to Order.

Best Youngbloods, Campbell's Creek and Canal COAL.

Agents for the Studybaker, Milburn, and Mitchell Farm Wagon.

Highest price paid for Walnut, Ash Lumber, and Timber.

Office and Yard Opposite the Depot, Eaton, Ohio.

Eaton, Ohio, May 6, 1875-6m

Second Judicial District of Ohio

TIMES OF COMMENCEMENT OF THE DISTRICT AND COMMON PLEAS COURTS FOR 1876.

DISTRICT COURTS. Miami county, March 13; Champaign county, March 16; Clarke county, March 20; Green county, March 27; Montgomery county, April 3; Warren county, April 12; Clinton county, April 18; Butler county, April 24; Preble county, May 8; Darke county, May 11.

COMMON PLEAS COURTS. Butler county, January 10, May 15, October 16; Preble county, February 21, May 15, November 27; Montgomery county, January 10, May 15, October 16; Miami county, January 17, May 15, October 16; Champaign county, February 14, June 5, November 27; Clarke county, January 17, May 29, October 16; Green county, February 7, June 5, October 16; Warren county, January 10, May 29, October 16; Clinton county, January 17, June 5, October 16.

It is hereby ordered that in all cases on error in the District Court, Counsel shall be required to file written briefs on the first day of the term of said Court.

H. ELLIOTT, D. L. MEERER, ALEX. F. HUME, JAMES M. SMITH, A. DOAN, JAMES S. GOODE, R. FULTON, MOSES BARLOW, THE STATE OF OHIO, PHELPS COUNTY, ss.

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original now on file in my office.

WITNESS my hand and seal of (Seal) the Court of Common Pleas, this 23d day of Oct., 1875.

By B. F. LANE, Dep't. Nov. 4, 1875-4w

C. G. SCHLENKER, DEALER IN GOLD AND SILVER

WATCHES, Clocks and Jewelry! Silver and Plated Ware!

GOLD PENS, SPECTACLES

&c., &c., &c. Main Street, Eaton, Ohio. Call and see the finest selection in Eaton. All kinds of Repairing promptly attended to and warranted. Eaton, April 28, 1874-6m.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

For Scrofula, and all scrofulous diseases, Erysipelas, or St. Anthony's Fire, Eruptions and Eruptive diseases of the skin, Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Blisters, Tumors, Tetters, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcera, Sores, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Hip, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhoea, arising from internal ulceration, and Uterine diseases, Syphilis and Mercurial diseases, Drury, Dyspepsia,